BEGIN — DECEMBER 29, 1959

30.24-9681

A52AX

SUB INTRO
NIGHT LEAD EISENHOWER
BY DOUGLAS B. CORNELL

AUGUSTA, GA., DEC. 29 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES DECIDED TODAY TO RETAIN ITS BAN ON NUCLEAR WEAPON TESTS--WITH A SHIFT TO A MORE FLEXIBLE INDEFINITE BASIS.

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER LEFT HIMSELF FREE TO ORDER A RESUMPTION OF TESTS AT ANY MOMENT, WHENEVER NATIONAL SECURITY MIGHT DEMAND SUCH A STEP. AT THE SAME TIME HE DIRECTED A VERBAL BLAST AT RUSSIA.

THE ADMINISTRATION ALSO MANEUVERED INTO POSITION FOR TOUGHER BARGAINING WITH RUSSIA.

IN A FORMAL STATEMENT, EISENHOWER ACCUSED THE RUSSIANS OF INJURING CHANCES OF REACHING AN AGREEMENT AMONG THE NUCLEAR POWERS ON A PERMANENT HALT TO NUCLEAR TESTS. HE SAID THEY HAVE CLOUDED NEGOTIATIONS AT GENEVA BY TAKING AN "INTEMPERATE AND TECHNICALLY UNSUPPORTABLE" STANCE.

THE DECISION TO MAINTAIN U.S. TESTS IN A STATE OF SUSPENSION CAME OUT OF A CONFERENCE OF 15 TOP DRAWER ADMINISTRATION OFFICIALS. IT WAS HELD IN A LOUNGE NEXT TO EISENHOWER'S OFFICE, AT HIS VACATION HEADQUARTERS AT AUGUSTA NATIONAL GOLF CLUB.

AMONG THOSE ON HAND WERE SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER, SECRETARY OF DEFENSE THOMAS S. GATES JR., GEN. NATHAN F. TWINING, CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF, AND CHAIRMAN JOHN A. MCCONE OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION.

THE CHIEF U.S. NEGOTIATORS AT GENEVA, JAMES J. WADSWORTH AND DR. JAMES B. FISK, CHIPPED IN SOME ADVICE, TOO.

THIRTEEN OF THHOSE PRESENT LEFT WASHINGTON IN THE PRE-DAWN DARKNESS, FLEW TO AUGUSTA'S AIRPORT BY PLANE AND HOPPED TO THE GOLF CLUB BY HELICOPTER.

THE DECISION FLOWING FROM THE CONFERENCE MEANS THAT WITH THE START OF THE NEW YEAR, THE UNITED STATES WILL REFRAIN FROM NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS ON AN HOUR TO HOUR, DAY TO DAY BASIS INSTEAD OF OPERATING UNDER A MORATORIUM WITH A FIXED TIME LIMIT.

FOR THE PAST 14 MONTHS, THE ADMINISTRATION HAS HELD OFF TESTING UNDER A MORATORIUM WHICH RUNS OUT AT MIDNIGHT THURSDAY.

AS A RESULT OF THE NEW POLICY, THE UNITED STATES WILL BE ABLE TO PUT HEAVIER PRESSURE ON RUSSIA AT GENEVA, AS WELL AS AT AN EAST-WEST SUMMIT CONFERENCE IN PARIS LATER ON, TO SEE TO IT THAT THERE IS SOME SATISFACTORY PROGRESS THAT WILL MAKE IT WORTHWHILE FOR THIS COUNTRY TO MAINTAIN ITS BAN.

A BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN, ASKED TONIGHT FOR COMMENT ON EISENHOWER'S STATEMENT, SAID THAT BRITAIN WILL NEVER RESUME NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS AS LONG AS THERE IS A CHANCE FOR A WORLD BAN.

THE BRITISH POSITION, HE SAID, REMAINS THE SAME AS SET FORTH IN GOVERNMENT STATEMENT ISSUED IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS JULY 30.

IN SIMILAR NOTES DELIVERED TO THE KREMLIN TODAY, PRESIDENT EISENHOWER, PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN OF BRITAIN AND PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE OF FRANCE PROPOSED A MAY 16 SUMMIT DATE TO SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV.

KHRUSHCHEV HAS ANNOUNCED HIS INTENTION TO KEEP THE DISARMAMENT ISSUE TO THE FOREFRONT IN PARIS, AND THE QUESTION OF BANNING NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS TIES IN WITH THAT.

AT GENEVA, EFFORTS TO WORK OUT SOME WAY OF ENDING SUCH TESTS HAVE HUNG UP ON THE PROBLEM OF WORKING OUT AN EFFECTIVE, INTERNATIONAL SYSTEM OF INSPECTION AND CONTROL.

EISENHOWER SAID IN HIS FORMAL STATEMENT THAT THE AMERICAN DELEGATION WILL BE ON HAND WHEN THE GENEVA DISCUSSIONS ARE RENEWED NEXT MONTH--"IN A CONTINUING SPIRIT OF SEEKING TO REACH A SAFEGUARDED AGREEMENT."

"IN THE MEANTIME," HE SAID, "THE VOLUNTARY MORATORIUM ON TESTING WILL EXPIRE ON DEC. 31.

"ALTHOUGH WE CONSIDER OURSELVES FREE TO RESUME NUCLEAR WEAPON TESTING, WE SHALL NOT RESUME NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS WITHOUT ANNOUNCING OUR INTENTION IN ADVANCE OF ANY RESUMPTION. DURING THE PERIOD OF VOLUNTARY SUSPENSION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS THE UNITED STATES WILL CONTINUE ITS ACTIVE PROGRAM OF WEAPON RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT AND LABORATORY-TYPE EXPERIMENTATION."

WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY JAMES C. HAGERTY SAID THAT NO DATE IS IN SIGHT FOR RESUMING TESTS.

HE SAID, TOO, THAT THE CONFERENCE TODAY WENT INTO PLANS FOR RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT AND EXPERIMENTS.

THE SESSION LASTED AN HOUR AND A QUARTER. AFTERWARD, EISENHOWER MET SEPARATELY WITH HAGERTY, HERTER, UNDERSECRETARY OF STATE DOUGLAS DILLON AND BRIG. GEN. ANDREW J. GOODPASTER, WHITE HOUSE STAFF SECRETARY.

THE LATER MEETING, HAGERTY SAID, TOUCHED ON SUMMIT CONFERENCE PLANS AND PROBLEMS.

BUSINESS OUT OF THE WAY, THE ARRAY OF WASHINGTON CONSULTANTS FLEW BACK TO THE CAPITAL AND EISENHOWER GOT IN HIS THIRD ROUND OF GOLF IN THREE DAYS.

IN WASHINGTON, SEN. ALEXANDER WILEY (R-WIS), CALLED ON THE COUNTRY TO BACK UP THE PRESIDENT'S DECISION ON NUCLEAR TESTS.

WILEY, SENIOR REPUBLICAN ON THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, SAID IN A STATEMENT:

"IF IT APPEARS THAT NUCLEAR TESTS ARE ESSENTIAL TO OUR DEFENSE, IT WILL BE NECESSARY TO CONTINUE THEM.

"A DECISION TO RESUME TESTS, OF COURSE, SHOULD -- AND WOULD, I AM CONFIDENT -- BE MADE ONLY IF DEEMED NECESSARY FOR SECURITY."

IF EISENHOWER DECIDES TO RESUME TESTING, WILEY ADDED, "THEN THE COUNTRY SHOULD BACK HIM TO THE HILT."

EISENHOWER'S DECISION WAS CHALLENGED BY SEN. HUBERT H. HUMPHREY (D-MINN) AS "NUCLEAR BRINKMANSHIP."

HUMPHREY, CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE DISARMAMENT SUBCOMMITTEE AND A POTENTIAL DEMOCRATIC PRESIDENTIAL ASPIRANT, SAID IN WASHINGTON:

"IF THE PRESIDENT'S VAGUE AND INDEFINITE STATEMENT WAS DESIGNED TO PUT PRESSURE ON THE SOVIETS TO COME TO AN AGREEMENT, IT MAY VERY WELL BACKFIRE AND HAVE THE OPPOSITE EFFECT."

HUMPHREY'S STATEMENT SAID TESTIMONY RECEIVED BY HIS SUBCOMMITTEE INDICATED THE UNITED STATES IS AHEAD IN NUCLEAR WEAPONS TECHNOLOGY AND RESUMPTION OF TESTING "IS THE ONLY SURE WAY THAT SOVIETS HAVE OF CLOSING THE GAP."

HE ADDED:

"THE UNITED STATES SHOULD HAVE BEEN WILLING TO EXTEND THE TEST BAN MORATORIUM FOR A LIMITED, DEFINITE PERIOD -- SIX MONTHS OR A YEAR. IT SHOULD HAVE BEEN MADE CLEAR TO THE SOVIETS THAT NO EXTENSION OF THE TEST BAN BEYOND THE FIXED DATE WOULD BE GIVEN."

JA740PES

1959

A165

WITH AUGUSTA EISENHOWER (A132 ET SEQ)

LONDON, DEC.29 (AP)-BRITAIN ANNOUNCED TONIGHT IT WILL NEVER RESUME NUCLEAR WEAPON TESTS AS LONG AS THERE IS A CHANCE FOR A WORLD BAN.

A FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN, ASKED ABOUT PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S STATEMENT IN AUGUSTA TODAY THAT THE UNITED STATES CONSIDERS ITSELF FREE TO RESUME NUCLEAR TESTING AFTER ANNOUNCING ITS INTENTIONS TO THE REST OF THE WORLD, SAID:

"THE BRITISH POSITION ON THIS QUESTION REMAINS THE SAME AS IT WAS LAST JULY 30.

"AT THAT TIME THE GOVERNMENT ISSUED A STATEMENT IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS STATING THAT AS LONG AS USEFUL DISCUSSIONS CONTINUE AT THE CONFERENCE ON THE DISCONTINUANCE OF NUCLEAR TESTS (IN GENEVA) HER MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT WOULD NOT PROPOSE TO AUTHORIZE THE RESUMPTION OF TESTING."

LS/QR114PES

A109 (150)

WITH AUGUSTA-NUCLEAR

TORONTO, DEC. 29 (AP)-THE DECISION BY THE UNITED STATES TO FREE ITSELF TO RESUME NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS WAS CRITICIZED TODAY BY HUGH GAITSKELL, CHIEF OF BRITAIN'S OPPOSITION LABOR PARTY. AS A POSSIBLE CAUSE OF INCREASED INTERNATIONAL TENSION.

IN TORONTO FOR A TV SHOW, GAITSKELL TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE: "I AM SORRY THAT THE UNITED STATES SHOULD HAVE FELT IT NECESSARY TO TAKE THIS STEP AND CAN ONLY HOPE THAT THEY WILL NEVERTHELESS NOT RESUME NUCLEAR TESTS.

"FOR IF THEY DO THEN IT IS ONLY TOO LIKELY THAT THE SOVIET UNION WILL FOLLOW SUIT AND WE SHALL BE BACK AGAIN IN THE SAME POSITION AS BEFORE WITH ONE NATION AFTER ANOTHER POISONING THE ATMOSPHERE AND POSSIBLY ENDANGERING THE HEALTH OF FUTURE GNERATIONS."

GAITSKELL SAID THERE WAS ALSO THE DANGER THAT INTERNATIONAL TENSION MAY INCREASE.

"ONE WOULD HAVE HOPED THAT NO ACTION OF THIS KIND WOULD HAVE BEEN TAKEN AT LEAST UNTIL AFTER THE SUMMIT CONFERENCE."

THE LABOR PARTY LEADER FLIES TOMORROW TO NEW YORK AND WILL LATER VISIT WASHINGTON. HE WILL GIVE THREE LECTURES, INCLUDING TALKS AT PRINCETON UNIVERSITY, PRINCETON, N.J., AND DUKE UNIVERSITY, DURHAM, N.C. LATER HE WILL VISIT JAMAICA, TRINIDAD AND ST. LUCIA ISLANDS.

HE WILL RETURN TO ENGLAND SHORTLY BEFORE PARLIAMENT RECONVENES LATE IN JANUARY.

TA944PES

A76WX

(400) WITH AUGUSTA-NUCLEAR

WASHINGTON, DEC. 29 (AP)-AMERICA'S TOP SCIENTIST AT THE NUCLEAR TEST TALKS IN GENEVA HAS ACCUSED THE SOVIET SCIENTIFIC DELEGATION OF "INCORRECT, DISTORTED AND MISLEADING" STATEMENTS IN DENOUNCING U.S. FINDINGS ABOUT UNDERGROUND ATOMIC BLASTS.

DR. JAMES B. FISK, CHAIRMAN OF THE U.S. TECHNICAL GROUP, FIRED THE ACCUSATION AT THE RUSSIANS AT THE CONFERENCE TABLE DEC. 19 JUST BEFORE THE PARLEY WENT INTO RECESS STILL DEADLOCKED ON THE UNDERGROUND TEST ISSUE.

FISK SPOKE IN SECRET SESSION. THE STATE DEPARTMENT TODAY MADE HIS STATEMENT PUBLIC IN THE WAKE OF PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S ANNOUNCEMENT THAT THE UNITED STATES WILL CONTINUE ITS OWN BAN ON NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS, BUT ON AN INDEFINITE BASIS.

EISENHOWER ALSO HAD SOME HARSH WORDS FOR THE RUSSIAN SCIENTISTS. HE SAID THE ATMOSPHERE "HAS BEEN CLOUDED BY THE INTEMPERATE AND TECHNICALLY UNSUPPORTABLE" SOVIET STATEMENT, WHICH HE CHARGED WAS POLITICALLY GUIDED RATHER THAN TRULY SCIENTIFIC.

THE UNITED STATES SAYS RESULTS OF THE HARDTACK UNDERGROUND ATOMIC TESTS CONDUCTED IN NEVADA IN 1958 SHOW THAT NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS BENEATH THE SURFACE OF THE GROUND WILL BE MUCH HARDER TO DETECT THAN EXPERTS PREVIOUSLY THOUGHT.

IT ASKED THE RUSSIANS TO CONSIDER THIS NEW DATA SCIENTIFICALLY IN ORDER TO FIND A BETTER MEANS OF SPOTTING POSSIBLE VIOLATORS OF AN ATOMIC TEST BAN.

DR. E. K. FEDEROV, HEAD OF THE RUSSIAN TECHNICAL GROUP, LAUGHED AT THE AMERICAN SCIENTIFIC REPORT AS "TENDENTIOUS," FULL OF MANIPULATIONS AND ERRONEOUS FINDINGS DELIBERATELY AIMED AT UNDERMINING CONFIDENCE IN THE PROPOSED CONTROL SYSTEM OVER NUCLEAR TESTS.

FISK MADE THESE PARTICULAR POINTS IN REBUTTAL OF THE SOVIET SCIENTISTS:

1. THE INSTRUMENTS USED IN THE HARDTACK EXPERIMENTS WERE ACTUALLY SUPERIOR TO THOSE WHICH HAD BEEN PREVIOUSLY RECOMMENDED BY GENEVA EXPERTS, RATHER THAN INFERIOR AS THE SOVIET SCIENTISTS CHARGED.

2. THE DATA THE U.S. TECHNICIANS GAINED FROM THEIR SEISMOGRAPHS RECORDING THE UNDERGROUND EXPLOSIONS "ARE GOOD, RELEVANT AND COMPLETE."

3. THE DATA FROM THE SEMISMOGRAPHS HAVE BEEN AVAILABLE TO THE SOVIETS FOR A NUMBER OF MONTHS AND "IF THE SOVIET SCIENTISTS ARE WILLING TO DO THEIR OWN HOMEWORK," THEY WOULD HAVE AVAILABLE EVERY BIT OF DATA THAT THE AMERICAN SCIENTISTS CAME UP WITH.

4. FEDEROV'S ALLEGATION THAT THE U.S. SCIENTISTS INTRODUCED NEW DATA AT A LATE STAGE IN THE MEETING OF THE SCIENTISTS AT GENEVA "IS AN ABSURD STATEMENT."

JA748PES

A28AX (SUMMIT)

£ WITH BUDGET (190)

NIGHT LEAD SUMMIT

AUGUSTA, GA., DEC. 29 (AP)-THE WESTERN ALLIES OFFICIALLY ASKED SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV TODAY TO ATTEND A SUMMIT CONFERENCE STARTING MAY 16.

KHRUSHCHEV ALREADY HAS AGREED TO AN EAST-WEST SESSION IN PARIS. THE DATE BECAME A MATTER OF DIPLOMATIC DICKERING.

THE LATEST DEVELOPMENT WAS THE DELIVERY OF SIMILAR NOTES TO KHRUSHCHEV TODAY FROM PRESIDENT EISENHOWER, PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN OF BRITAIN AND PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE OF FRANCE.

"PROVIDED THAT THIS IS ACCEPTABLE TO YOU," EISENHOWER WROTE, "THE BEST ARRANGEMENT WOULD SEEM TO BE FOR THE MEETING OF THE FOUR POWERS (CAP F, P) TO OPEN IN PARIS ON MAY 16."

THE WEST ORIGINALLY SUGGESTED APRIL 27. BUT THIS WOULD HAVE CARRIED THE SUMMIT CONFERENCE BEYOND MAY 1 AND RUSSIA'S BIG MAY DAY CELEBRATION.

KHRUSHCHEV CAME BACK WITH WORD THAT EITHER APRIL 21 OR MAY 4 WOULD BE ACCEPTABLE. IN POLITE TERMS, HE WAS TOLD THAT PRIOR COMMITMENTS RULE OUT THOSE DATES FOR THE WEST.

DE GAULLE HAS ARRANGED A VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA WHICH CONFLICTS WITH APRIL 21 AND MACMILLAN WILL BE TIED UP WITH A BRITISH COMMONWEALTH CONFERENCE ON MAY 4.

SO THE NEXT MOVE IS UP TO KHRUSHCHEV, WITH NO ADVANCE INDICATION OF HIS REACTION TO MAY 16.

HO402PES NM

B22

--17--

320

NIGHT LEAD PAVELIC

MADRID, DEC. 29 (AP)-ANTE PAVELIC, 70, FORMER AXIS PUPPET RULER OF CROATIA WHO WAS CHARGED WITH KILLING 700,000 JEWS AND SERBS DURING WORLD WAR II, DIED IN MADRID'S GERMAN HOSPITAL YESTERDAY.

PAVELIC, WANTED AS A WAR CRIMINAL IN PRESIDENT TITO'S YUGOSLAVIA, FLED CROATIA, ONE OF THE YUGOSLAV STATES, IN MAY, 1945 FOR

ROME. LATER IN THE YEAR, HE TURNED UP IN ARGENTINA SEEKING ASYLUM WITH EX-DICTATOR JUAN PERON.

HE WAS WOUNDED IN AN ASSASSINATION ATTEMPT IN APRIL, 1957, DURING CELEBRATIONS BY YUGOSLAV REFUGEE FASCISTS IN BUENOS AIRES. SHORTLY THEREAFTER, ARGENTINA AGREED TO CONSIDER A YUGOSLAV EXTRADITION REQUEST AND PAVELIC FLED.

EARLIER THIS MONTH, PARAGUANAY REBELS CLAIMED HE WAS DIRECTING TORTURE SQUADS FOR PRESIDENT ALFREDO STROESSNER'S SECRET POLICE. ANTI-TITO GROUPS IN ARGENTINA DENIED THE REPORTS.

IT WAS NOT KNOWN JUST WHEN HE CAME TO SPAIN. THE HOSPITAL REFUSED TO GIVE ANY DETAILS OF THE DEATH OR ITS CAUSE.

AN ASSOCIATE OF THE CROATIAN SAID HIS WIDOW AND THREE CHILDREN WERE LIVING IN MILAN, ITALY, BUT HE TOO DECLINED TO GIVE ANY FURTHER INFORMATION UNTIL HE HAS CONSULTED THE FAMILY.

PAVELIC WAS THE SON OF A CROATIAN RAILROAD WORKER. AFTER RECEIVING A DOCTORATE OF LAW AT THE UNIVERSITY OF ZAGREB, HE ENTERED THE CROATIAN INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT AND GAINED A REPUTATION DEFENDING CROATIANS CHARGED WITH POLITICAL CRIMES.

WHEN KING ALEXANDER SUSPENDED THE YUGOSLAV PARLIAMENT IN 1929 IN AN ATTEMPT TO END POLITICAL STRIFE BETWEEN SERBS AND CROATS, PAVELIC FLED TO VIENNA WHERE HE ORGANIZED THE USTACHIS, A CROATIAN TERRORIST ORGANIZATION.

YUGOSLAVIA TRIED HIM IN ABSENTIA AND SENTENCED HIM TO DEATH. FOLLOWING THE 1934 ASSASSINATION OF ALEXANDER AND FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER LOUIS BARTHOU IN MARSEILLE, A FRENCH COURT GAVE HIM A SECOND DEATH SENTENCE AFTER THE SLAIN GUNMAN WAS IDENTIFIED AS ONE OF HIS FOLLOWERS.

PAVELIC FLED TO BENITO MUSSOLINI'S ITALY WHERE HE LIVED IN SIENA UNTIL 1941 WHEN MUSSOLINI AND HITLER ESTABLISHED THE CROATIAN PUPPET STATE AND NAMED PAVELIC THE "POGLAVNIK," OR SOVEREIGN CHIEF OF CROATIA. HE RULED 3 1/2 YEARS.

959

TD416PES

A50WX

(320) ADVANCE FOR 6:30 P.M. EST TODAY

COMMUNISM

BY JOHN BECKLER

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, DEC. 29 (AP)-THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES TODAY PUBLISHED THE FIRST VOLUME OF WHAT IT HOPES WILL BE ONE OF THE MOST COMPREHENSIVE STUDIES OF COMMUNISM EVER UNDERTAKEN.

IN TELLING OF THE PROJECTED ENCYCLOPEDIA ON COMMUNISM, CHAIRMAN FRANCIS E. WALTER (D-PA) SAID:

"IGNORANCE OF COMMUNISM IS OUR GREATEST WEAKNESS IN TODAY'S TOTAL STRUGGLE WITH THE COMMUNIST CONSPIRACY."

VOLUME 1 DEALS WITH COMMUNIST IDEOLOGY. OTHER VOLUMES ARE PLANNED TO COVER THE RISE OF THE COMMUNISTS TO POWER IN RUSSIA, THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE SOVIET REGIME, THE EXPANSION OF COMMUNISM OUTSIDE RUSSIA AND THE METHODS USED IN THIS EXPANSION.

WORK ON THE ENCYCLOPEDIA, WHICH IS CALLED "FACTS ON COMMUNISM," BEGAN TWO YEARS AGO AND IS EXPECTED TO CONTINUE FOR SEVERAL MORE YEARS, WALTER SAID.

THE COMMITTEE'S RESEARCH STAFF IS WORKING WITH SPECIALISTS ON THE SUBJECT IN COMPILING THE VOLUMES.

THE FIRST VOLUME CARRIES A SPECIAL ACKNOWLEDGEMENT TO GERHARDT NIEMEYER, PROFESSOR OF POLITICAL SCIENCE AT THE UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME, FOR HIS ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION OF COMMUNIST IDEOLOGY.

NIEMEYER WAS BORN IN GERMANY, EDUCATED THERE AND IN ENGLAND, AND HAS TAUGHT AT PRINCETON, OGLETHORPE, YALE AND COLUMBIA UNIVERSITIES AS WELL AS NOTRE DAME.

THE 135-PAGE, PAPER-BOUND BOOK SKETCHES THE PHILOSOPHICAL ORIGINS OF COMMUNISM. THE BASIC DOCTRINES OF KARL MARX AND FRIEDRICH ENGELS,

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AND THE INTERPRETATIONS OF THESE DOCTRINES BY V. I. LENIN AND JOSEPH STALIN.

THE TEXT CONSISTS LARGELY OF QUOTATIONS FROM THE WRITINGS OF MARX, ENGELS AND LENIN, FOLLOWED BY COMMENT, EXPLANATORY MATERIAL AND CRITICISM BY THE AUTHOR, OR AUTHORS.

NO INDIVIDUAL NAMES APPEAR ON THE TITLE PAGE, WHICH CREDITS THE BOOK TO THE COMMITTEE.

THE BOOK IS INTENDED PRIMARILY FOR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS, BUT A LIMITED SUPPLY IS AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC. COPIES MAY BE OBTAINED BY WRITING TO THE SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCUMENTS, WASHINGTON.

EG541PES

959

A34

TIBET INTERPRETIVE (400)

BY JOHN RODERICK

TOKYO, DEC. 29 (AP)-THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS ARE BYPASSING THE PANCHEN LAMA IN REMAKING THE CRAGGY FACE OF TIBET. PEIPING REPORTED TODAY HE IS STILL ON THEBANQUET, FACTORY AND MONASTERY CIRCUIT, THREE MONTHS AFTER QUITTING LHASA, HIS CAPITAL.

DURING HIS LONG ABSNECE, WHICH BEGAN SHORTLY BEFORE THE OCTOBER ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATIONS IN PEIPING, THE COMMUNISTS HAVE PUT THE HIMALAYAN "ROOF OF THE WORLD" FIRMLY ON THE PATH TO EVENTUAL COMMUNISM.

TEN DAYS AGO, THEY CREATED A TIBETAN PROPLES POLITICAL CONSULTATIVE COMMITTEE, A FIRST STEP TOWARD REGIONAL AUTONOMY UNDER RED CONTROL. THE PANCHEN LAMA WAS NOT NAMED TO IT.

PEIPING HAS SO FAR OFFERED NO WORD OF EXPLANATION FOR THE PROLONGED VACATION THEY HAVE GIVEN THE 21-YEAR-OLD PUPPET RULER AT A CRITICAL PERIOD IN HIS COUNTRY'S HISTORY. THERE ALSO HAVE BEEN NO HINTS OF THE EXPECTED DEPARTURE FOR TIBET OF THE EMIMENT YOUNG SIGHTSEER, WHO LEFT MONDAY FOR NANNING IN SOUTH CHINA, AFTER 11 DAYS OF VISITING FACTORIES, MOVIE STUDIOS AND EXHIBITIONS IN SHANGHAI.

BUT THE COMMUNISTS OBVIOUSLY FEEL THEY CAN PUSH AHEAD WITH THEIR DRASTIC POLITICAL REFORMS WITH OR WITHOUT HIS APPROVAL, AN INDICATION THAT THE ONCE-TIGHT RELIGIOUS DOMINATION OF THE REMOTE COUNTRY HAS BEEN BROKEN.

THE PANCHEN LAMA IS THE HIGHEST RANKING RELIGIOUS FIGURE IN TIBET IN THE ABSENCE OF THE DALAI LAMA, THE YOUTHFUL GOD-KING WHO FLED TO INDIA AFTER THE UNSUCCESSFUL REVOLT AGAINST THE COMMUNISTS LAST MARCH.

SINCE THE DALAI LAMA'S FLIGHT AND HIS SUBSEQUENT DENUNCIATION OF COMMUNISM, PRIPING HAS INDICATED IT WILL NO LONGER RELY ON THE BUDDHIST PRIESTHOOD WHO FORMERLY RULED TIBET TO LEAD THE COUNTRY INTO THE COMMUNIST VERSION OF DEMOCRACY.

THE FACT THAT IT HAS BEEN ABLE IN THE PANCHEN'S ABSENCE TO PUSH THROUGH THE IMPORTANT FIRST PHASE OF TIBET'S CONVERSION FROM FEUDALISM SUGGESTS THAT INSTEAD THE CHINESE ARE USING THE OLD NOBLE CLASS AS A FRONT.

THE PANCHEN AND HIS TRAVELING COMPANION, PEBALA CHOLIEH-NAMJE, ARE THE TWO HIGHEST RANKING TIBETAN MEMBERS OF TH AUTONOMY COMMITTEE WHICH HAS THE JOB OF CARRYING OUT THE COMMUNIST MEASURES. THE CHINESE OBVIOUSLY HAVE BEEN RUNNING THE SHOW WITHOUT THEM.

TRAVELERS FROM LHASA TO INDIA REPORTED IN SEPTEMBER THAT THE PANCHEN LAMA HAD SPOKED OUT AGAINST SOME OF THE COMMUNIST REFORMS, PAETICULARLY THOSE STRIPPING THE ABBOTS AND MONKS OF THEIR PREROGATIVES.

IF THIS IS SO, IT WOULD EXPLAIN WHY THE CHINESE HAVE KEPT HIM

959

AWAY FROM LHASA FOR SO LONG. IT IS MORE LOGICAL TO SUPPOSE, HOWEVER, THAT PEIPING WISHED TO SEE HOW FAR IT COULD GO USING ONLY THE NOBILITY AND CHINESE REPRESENTATIVES TO CARRY OUT THE REFORM PROGRAM. THE PANCHEN LAMA MAY BE HEADED EVEN FARTHER INTO THE BACKGROUND.
LM433AES

A95
(170)
KATMANDU, NEPAL, DEC. 29 (AP)-THE HEAD LAMA OF RONGBUK MONASTERY IN TIBET, WHICH PLAYED HOST FOR SEVEN BRITISH EXPEDITIONS TO MT. EVEREST, HAS ARRIVED HERE AFTER ESCAPING COMMUNIST CHINESE BULLETS.
CARRYING HIS 8-YEAR-OLD BROTHER IN HIS ARMS, HEAD LAMA JATUL NAWANG RIKZING 19 ESCAPED BY THE BACK DOOR OF HIS MONASTERY AFTER A BATTLE WITH 100 CHINESE TROOPS, HE SAID.
"SUDDENLY ONE EVENING MY MONASTERY WAS DISTURBED BY BULLETS," HE SAID. "THE 30 LAMAS AT MY MONASTERY REPLIED WITH WHAT LITTLE CRUDE ARMS THEY COULD MUSTER. WE LOST 5 LAMAS BUT MANAGED TO KILL 16 CHINESE."
HAVING NO MORE AMMUNITION, THEY ESCAPED AND AFTER A FIVE-DAY TREK, CROSSED INTO NEPAL, ELUDING CHINESE PATROLS.
THE HEAD LAMA SAID HIS PARENTS AND TWO SISTERS ALSO ESCAPED.
"ON THE FINAL NIGHT OF OUR FLIGHT WE NEARLY FELL INTO THE HANDS OF CHINESE PATROLS BUT WE SPENT THE NIGHT IN A CAVE," HE SAID. "A HEAVY SNOWFALL AFFORDED ADDITIONAL PROTECTION."
RONGBUK MONASTERY, IS LOCATED 16,400 FEET HIGH ON THE NORTHERN SIDE OF EVEREST.
THE OLD LAMA, DIED A FEW YEARS AGO AND THE PRESENT HEAD LAMA IS REGARDED AS HIS REINCARNATION. HE IS STAYING AT A LOCAL MONASTERY.
DF9PES

A51WX
(200) ADVANCE FOR 6 P.M. (CQ) EST TODAY
PRECEDE TOKYO DAY (A124)
(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, DEC. 29 (AP)-THE PROJECTED NEW SECURITY TREATY BETWEEN JAPAN AND THE UNITED STATES WILL BE SIGNED AT THE WHITE HOUSE ON JAN. 19.
THE STATE DEPARTMENT ANNOUNCED THE DATE TODAY AND SAID THAT AFTER THE CEREMONY JAPANESE PRIME MINISTER NOBOSUKE KISHI AND FOREIGN MINISTER AIICHIRO FUJIYAMA WILL MEET WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER.
THE JAPANESE DELEGATION WILL ALSO BE ENTERTAINED AT A WHITE HOUSE LUNCHEON.
THE JAPANESE CABINET TODAY DESIGNATED KISHI AS THE HEAD OF A 22-MAN DELEGATION WHICH WILL COME TO WASHINGTON FOR THE TREATY CEREMONY.
STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS SAID THEY WERE NOT SURE YET WHICH INDIVIDUALS WOULD SIGN THE PACT FOR EACH COUNTRY.
THE REVISED SECURITY TREATY IS DESIGNED TO ELIMINATE PROVISIONS THE JAPANESE CONSIDERED WERE ONE-SIDED. THERE ARE NEW PROVISIONS FOR CONSULTATION WITH JAPAN BEFORE U. S. TROOPS ARE DEPLOYED FROM JAPANESE BASES TO OTHER AREAS SUCH AS THE FORMOSA STRAIT IN THE EVENT OF EMERGENCY.
ALSO THE UNITED STATES WILL CONSULT JAPAN ON WHAT WEAPONS IT WILL INTRODUCE INTO THE COUNTRY. THE JAPANESE ARE OPPOSED TO NUCLEAR WEAPONS BECAUSE OF THEIR WORLD WAR II EXPERIENCE AT HIROSHIMA AND NAGASAKI.
THE NEW TREATY IS FOR A SET TERM OF 10 YEARS, PLUS AN ADDITIONAL YEAR BEFORE IT CAN BE SCRAPPED. THE OLD TREATY, WHICH HAD NO TERMINATION DATE, WAS SIGNED BY JAPAN WHEN IT EMERGED FROM OCCUPATION STATUS.
EG/BU546PES

A134 (170)
TOKYO, WEDNESDAY, DEC. 30 (AP)-FOREIGN MINISTER AIICHIRO FUJIYAMA AND AMBASSADOR DOUGLAS MACARTHUR II MET TODAY IN WHAT WAS PERHAPS THE FINAL SESSION OF THEIR PROLONGED NEGOTIATIONS ON A NEW U.S.-JAPAN MILITARY ALLIANCE.
THE MEETING AT FUJIYAMA'S OFFICE CAME AS BOTH GOVERNMENTS ANNOUNCED THAT THE REVISED SECURITY TREATY WILL BE SIGNED JAN. 19 IN WASHINGTON.
PRIME MINISTER NOBUSUKE KISHI LEAVES JAN. 16 TO APPEAR PERSONALLY AT THE WHITE HOUSE CEREMONY FINALIZING A NEW PACT TO REPLACE THE ONE SIGNED BY OCCUPIED JAPAN IN 1951.
OFFICIAL DETAILS OF THE NEGOTIATIONS, WHICH BEGAN IN 1958, ARE SECRET. AFTER THE JANUARY SIGNING, THE NEW TREATY WILL BE MADE PUBLIC AND SUBMITTED FOR RATIFICATION TO CONGRESS AND THE JAPANESE PARLIAMENT.
IT WAS UNDERSTOOD THE FINAL UNSETTLED DETAIL AT TODAY'S MACARTHUR-FUJIYAMA MEETING, THEIR 22ND, WAS THE QUESTION OF CUSTOMS EXEMPTIONS NOW GRANTED U.S. MILITARY PERSONNEL IN JAPAN.
JAPANESE HAVE EXPRESSED A DESIRE TO CURTAIL SUCH PRIVILEGES. AMONG OTHER THINGS THEY PERMIT U.S. SERVICEMEN TO IMPORT AUTOMOBILES INTO JAPAN TAX-FREE AND SELL THEM PROFITABLY ON THE CIVILIAN MARKET.
TA1127PES

A76 (280)
TOKYO, DEC. 29 (AP)-PEIPING RADIO TODAY GAVE A COMMUNIST-EYE VIEW OF THE INTERNATIONAL SITUATION IN 1959. IT SAID THE "FORCES OF PEACE, DEMOCRACY AND SOCIALISM" HAVE BESTED "U.S. IMPERIALISM" ON EVERY FRONT.
"IN THE COURSE OF THE PAST YEAR," THE RED RADIO SAID, "THE FORCES OF PEACE, DEMOCRACY AND SOCIALISM IN THE WORLD HAVE EXPERIENCED AN UNPRECEDENTED DEVELOPMENT CONTINUING TO FORGE AHEAD FROM THIS VICTORY WITH IRRISISTIBLE POWER AND SPEED.
"BY CONTRAST, THE FORCES OF AGGRESSION AND WAR HEADED BY U.S. IMPERIALISM HAVE ENCOUNTERED SETBACKS, DEFEATS AND BLOWS FROM EVERY SIDE. THEY ARE CONTINUING ON THE PATH OF DECLINE AND FIND THEMSELVES IN A POSITION OF UNPRECEDENTED ISOLATION BEFORE THE PEOPLES OF THE WORLD."
THE RADIO SAID THE SUCCESSFUL LAUNCHING OF THREE SOVIET COSMIC ROCKETS "HAS AGAIN DEMONSTRATED THAT IN THIS DECISIVE FIELD OF ULTRA-ADVANCED SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY, THE SOVIET UNION HAD LONG AGO LEFT THE UNITED STATES FAR BEHIND."
THIS, THE CHINESE REDS CONTINUED, "HAS BROUGHT UTTER BANKRUPTCY FOR THE U.S. IMPERIALIST POLICY OF 'POSITIONS OF STRENGTH' AND OF 'DETERRENT POWER' WHICH DEPENDED ON STRATEGIC AIR POWR AND NUCLEAR WARHEADS."
IT SAID NATIONAL INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENTS HAVE "CONTINUED TO DEVELOP WITH MOUNTING VIGOR" IN LATIN AMERICA. THE CONGO "HAS BECOME AN ERUPTING VOLCANO", AND "AN UNENDING SERIES OF BLOWS HAVE BEEN STRUCK AT THE COLONIALISTS BY THE PEOPLE OF ALGERIA AND THE CAMEROONS WHO ARE ENGAGED IN ARMED STRUGGLE."
PEIPING ADMITTED THAT THE UNITED STATES--UNDER PRESSURE FROM THE FORCES OF PEACE--HAD MADE "CERTAIN GESTURES OF WILLINGNESS TO EASE THE INTERNATIONAL SITUATION." BUT IT DESCRIBED THOSE MOVES AS "A WAY TO DISGUISE ITSELF AS AN ENVOY OF PEACE SO AS TO DECEIVE AND LULL THE PEOPLE OF THE WORLD."
JL722AES

A103
(140)
BONN, GERMANY, DEC. 29 (AP)-CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER PLEDGED TODAY TO WORK HARD IN 1960 TO IMPROVE SOVIET-WEST GERMAN RELATIONS. BUT HE WAS NONE TOO HOPEFUL THAT TENSIONS WOULD EASE MUCH.

IN AN INTERVIEW IN A SEMIOFFICIAL ORGAN OF HIS CHRISTIAN DEMOCRATIC PARTY, ADENAUER DECLARED THAT A MOSCOW-BONN ACCORD IS IMPOSSIBLE "SO LONG AS MOSCOW REFUSES TO GIVE THE PEOPLE IN THE SOVIET ZONE (EAST GERMANY) THHE RIGHT TO DECIDE UNDER THAT SOCIAL SYSTEM THEY WANT TO LIVE."

"WE HAVEN'T THE SLIGHTEST FEAR OF COMMUNISM," ADENAUER SAID. "THE FACT THAT THE SOVIET UNION HAS SUCCEEDED IN ACHIEVING SUCH TECHNICAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS AS THE SPUTNIK IS NOT PROOF THAT COMMUNIST SOCIETY WILL EMERGE VICTORIOUS.

"THE WEST DOES NOT FEAR FREE COMPETITION WITH THE SOVIET UNION. IF WE CAN ONLY PREVENT THE LOSS OF OUR FREEDOM FROM OUTSIDE, THEN ONE DAY THE PEOPLE OF THE ENTIRE WORLD WILL BE FREE."

959

DF921PES

A60 (220)

PARIS, DEC. 29 (AP)-FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER MAURICE COUVE DE MURVILLE ACKNOWLEDGED TODAY THAT FRANCE MAY SOMETIMES BE "A DIFFICULT PARTNER" IN THE ATLANTIC ALLIANCE.

THE FOREIGN MINISTER WOUND UP A TWO-DAY DEBATE IN THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS, INCLUDING RECENT DIFFERENCES WITH THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER NATO MEMBERS OVER INTEGRATION OF AIR DEFENSES AND STORING OF NUCLEAR BOMBS ON FRENCH SOIL. HE TOLD THE ASSEMBLY YESTERDAY IT WAS DIFFICULT FOR FRANCE TO GIVE TO A COMMANDER WHO IS NOT FRENCH THE AUTHORITY TO OPEN FIRE FROM FRENCH SOIL.

HE TOLD THE DEPUTIES TODAY FRANCE CONSIDERS NATO IS THE GUARANTEE OF FRENCH SECURITY, HOWEVER.

DEPUTIES APPLAUDED WHEN HE SAID FRANCE NEEDED TO BE ESTEEMED AND RESPECTED IN ORDER TO WIN AND KEEP THE FRIENDSHIP OF THE UNITED STATES.

"THE COMPARISON BETWEEN YESTERDAY AND TODAY LEAVES NO ANXIETY IN THIS REGARD," HE SAID. "NEVER HAS FRANCE ENJOYCED SUCH A CONSIDERABLE PRESTIGE ACROSS THE ATLANTIC."

ADMITTING THAT FRANCE MAY SOMETIMES BE A DIFFICULT PARTNER, HE DECLARED THAT IF EVER THE UNITED STATES DECIDED TO WITHDRAW ITS TROOPS FROM EUROPE IT WOULD BE BECAUSE EUROPEANS REFUSED TO UNDERTAKE THE BURDENS OF THEIR OWN DEFENSE.

959

"THAT," HE SAID, "IS NOT A COMPLAINT THAT CAN BE ADDRESSED TO THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT."

EARLIER IN THE DEBATE SEVERAL SPEAKERS WARNED THAT FRANCE SHOULD NOT DO ANYTHING WHICH WOULD ENCOURAGE REBIRTH OF AMERICAN ISOLATIONISM.

THERE WAS NO VOTE AFTER THE DEBATE.

JA629PES

A172 (290)

ADVANCE FOR 2:30 PM EST

(ADVANCE) NEW DELHI, WEDNESDAY, DEC.30 (AP)-SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV HAS CONGRATULATED PRIME MINISTER NEHRU ON COMPLETION OF A STEEL PLANT BUILT WITH SOVIET HELP AS A "SYMBOL OF THE INVIOLABLE FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN OUR PEOPLES."

THE MESSAGE WAS SENT DEC.22 AS PRODUCTION BEGAN AT A SECOND OPEN HEARTH FURNACE AND OTHER INSTALLATIONS OF A BIG PLANT AT BHILAI IN CENTRAL INDIA. THE FIRST STEEL PRODUCTION THERE BEGAN OCT.12.

THE MESSAGE, AND NEHRU'S REPLY, WERE MADE PUBLIC TODAY, A DAY AFTER AN EQUALLY LARGE BRITISH-BUILT STEEL PLANT WAS OPENED BY PRESIDENT RAJENDRA PRASAD AT DURGAPUR IN EASTERN INDIA.

959

THE FRIENDLY KHRUSHCHEV-NEHRU EXCHANGE CAME AT A TIME WHEN THE SOVIET UNION'S BIG ALLY, RED CHINA, IS EMBROILED IN A BORDER DISPUTE WITH INDIA.

"THE SOVIET PROPLE, WHO HAVE TRAVERSED THE GREAT PATH OF STRUGGLE FOR TURNING THEIR COUNTRY FROM AN AGRARIAN COUNTRY INTO A HIGHLY DEVELOPED INDUSTRIAL ONE, WELL UNDERSTAND THE TREMENDOUS IMPORTANCE

30.24-9685

FOR THE INDIAN PEOPLE OF THE FIRST SUCCESSES ACHIEVED IN THE INDUSTRIALIZATION AND THE STRENGTHENING OF THE ECONOMIC INDEPENDENCE OF INDIA," KHRUSHCHEV WROTE.

"WE ARE CONDIDENT THAT IN THE COURSEOF FURTHER SOVIET-INDIAN ECONOMIC AND TECHNICAL COOPERATION THE SPIRIT OF CREATION AND BUSINESS COOPERATION BORN AT THE BHILAI CONSTRUCTION WILL ASSUME AN ALL-ROUND DEVELOPMENT."

NEHRU REPLIED DEC. 25 CALLING BHILAI A "SYMBOL OF THE COOPERATION OF THE SOVIET AND INDIAN SPECIALISTS WHICH WE WELCOME SO MUCH.

"WE LOOK FORWARD WITH CONFIDENCE TO FURTHER SOVIET-INDIAN ECONOMIC AND TECHNICAL COOPERATION IN THE GREAT TASK WE HAVE UNDERTAKEN OF BUILDING UP A NEW INDIA," NEHRU ADDED.

THE SOVIET UNION HAS PLEDGED ABOUT A MILLION DOLLARS IN LOANS FOR INDIA'S THIRD FIVE-YEAR PLAN BEGINNING IN 1961. MOST OF THIS IS EARMARKED FOR DOUBLING THE PRESENT BHILAI PRODUCTION CAPACITY TO ONE MILLION TONS OF INGOT STEEL ANNUALLY. THE RUSSIANS ALSO ARE TRAINING A LARGE NUMBER OF INDIAN YOUTHS AS STEEL EXPERTS FOR OTHER PLANTS.

THE U.S. GOVERNMENT IS CONSIDERING HELPING INDIA BUILD ANOTHER LARGE STEEL PLANT AT BOKARO IN EASTERN INDIA.

QR/FV138PES

A75

(130)

JAKARTA, INDONESIA, DEC. 29 (AP)-FOREIGN MINISTER SUBANDRIO TODAY CHARGED THAT COMMUNIST CHINA'S POLICIES TOWARD INDONESIA AND INDIA WERE DETRIMENTAL TO WORLD PACE.

IN AN INTERVIEW WITH THE INDONESIAN NATIONAL NEWS AGENCY, ANTARA, SUBANDRIO SAID THE "CONSEQUENCES OF CHINA'S NEW POLICY CERTAINLY IS DETRIMENTAL TO ALL OF US."

"FRANKLY SPEAKING, I AND MANY OTHER STATESMEN IN ASIA THINK THE ATTITUDE OF PEOPLE'S CHINA A PUZZLE," HE ADDED.

959

SUBANDRIO REFERRED TO PEIPING'S BORDER DISPUTE WITH INDIA AND ITS PROTESTS AGAINST INDONESIA'S ORDER THAT CHINESE TRADERS MUST END THEIR RURAL OPERATIONS HERE BY JAN. 1.

IN A MOVE TO CREATE GREATER ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITIES FOR INDONESIANS, PRESIDENT SUKARNO ORDERED THAT CHINESE IN RURAL AREAS MOVE INTO DESIGNATED PLACES FOR RESETTLEMENT. INDONESIA ALSO HAS CURBED MOVEMENTS OF RED CHINESE DIPLOMATS WHO HAVE BEEN URGING THE CHINESE TO DISREGARD SUKARNO'S ORDER.

FV155PES

A79

(600)

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR TUESDAY PMS

BY WILLIAM N. OATIS

(ADVANCE) UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., DEC. 29 (AP)-THE NEW DISARMAMENT TALKS IN 1960 WILL SOON RUN INTO TROUBLE IF STATESMEN STICK BY THEIR STATED POSITIONS.

THE WESTERN POWERS--BRITAIN AND FRANCE, IN PARTICULAR--DIFFER AMONG THEMSELVES OVER WHAT STEPS TO TAKE FIRST. THE UNITED STATES AND OTHERS SHOW SUSPICION THAT THE SOVIET UNION WILL NOT ALLOW STRICT CONTROLS.

SO DISAGREEMENT SEEMS LIKELY TO ARISE IN THE FIVE-NATION WESTERN DISCUSSIONS COMMENCING IN WASHINGTON NEXT MONTH AND TO PERSIST IN THE 10-NATION EAST-WEST NEGOTIATIONS PROPOSED FOR GENEVA IN MARCH.

959

NO REAL EAST-WEST NEGOTIATIONS ON DISARMAMENT HAVE BEEN HELD SINCE SEPTEMBER 1957, WHEN A U.N. SUBCOMMITTEE OF BRITAIN, CANADA, FRANCE, THE SOVIET UNION AND THE UNITED STATES BROKE OFF TALKS IN LONDON.

SINCE OCT. 31, 1958, BRITAIN, THE SOVIET UNION AND THE UNITED STATES

HAVE BEEN TALKING IN GENEVA ON A MATTER RELATED TO DISARMAMENT--THE CONTROLLED CESSATION OF NUCLEAR WEAPON TESTS.

AT THE GENEVA FOREIGN MINISTERS' CONFERENCE LAST SUMMER, THE BIG FOUR DISCUSSED RESUMPTION OF COMPREHENSIVE DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATIONS. THEY AGREED TO SET UP A 10-NATION COMMITTEE--BRITAIN, CANADA, FRANCE, ITALY AND THE UNITED STATES FOR THE WEST; BULGARIA, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, POLAND, ROMANIA AND THE SOVIET UNION FOR THE EAST.

THE WESTERN FOREIGN MINISTERS AGREED IN PARIS DEC. 21 TO SUGGEST THAT THE COMMITTEE BEGIN WORK IN GENEVA AROUND MARCH 15.

MEANTIME, THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY, IN NOVEMBER, SENT ALL PENDING PROPOSALS TO THE NEW COMMITTEE AND EXPRESSED HOPE FOR AGREEMENT ON MEASURES LEADING TOWARD GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT. BUT DEBATE IN THE U.N. SHOWED RIFTS THAT SEEM TO RULE OUT ANY QUICK OR EASY AGREEMENT IN THE WESTERN TALKS--LET ALONE IN THE EAST-WEST TALKS TO FOLLOW. AMONG THE DIFFICULTIES:

TESTS: BRITISH FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD, PROPOSING DISARMAMENT IN THREE STAGES, SAID THE FIRST STAGE SHOULD INCLUDE A THREE-POWER AGREEMENT AGAINST FURTHER NUCLEAR TESTS. FRANCE OBJECTED THAT THE THREE ATOMIC POWERS STILL WOULD HAVE NUCLEAR WEAPONS EVEN IF THEY HELD NO MORE TESTS.

POLITICAL PREREQUISITES: BRITAIN'S PLAN MADE NO PROVISION FOR DELAYING DISARMAMENT UNTIL POLITICAL PROBLEMS WERE SOLVED. FRANCE HELD THAT "CONSIDERATIONS OF DEFENSE, INTERNATIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES AND POLITICAL RELATIONSHIPS" MUST HAVE PRIORITY, WITH THE FIRST STEP IN THE POLITICAL FIELD.

PRIORITIES: THE FRENCH DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATOR, JULES MOCH, SAID BOTH BRITAIN'S SCHEME AND SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV'S RIVAL FOUR-YEAR TOTAL DISARMAMENT PLAN WERE ALIKE IN "NOT GIVING TO THE DELIVERY OF NUCLEAR MATERIAL THAT TOTAL PRIORITY WHICH, IN OUR OPINION, IS IMPERATIVE." HE INCLUDED SATELLITES, ROCKETS, SUPERSONIC OR LONG-RANGE AIRCRAFT, OCEAN-GOING SUBMARINES, AIRCRAFT CARRIERS AND LAUNCHING PADS.

INSPECTION AND CONTROL: KHRUSHCHEV SAID THAT "IN ACCORDANCE WITH EACH STAGE OF DISARMAMENT THERE SHOULD BE AN APPROPRIATE STAGE OF CONTROL" BY FOREIGN INSPECTORS IN EACH COUNTRY AND "ONCE THE DISARMAMENT BECOMES COMPLETE, THE CONTROLLERS SHOULD REMAIN." BUT U.S. DELEGATE HENRY CABOT LODGE SAID: "WE STILL DO NOT KNOW EXACTLY WHAT CONTROLS THE SOVIET UNION HAS IN MIND...AND WE WANT TO FIND OUT." HE DESCRIBED CONTROLS AS CRUCIAL.

INTERNATIONAL FORCE: KHRUSHCHEV PROPOSED THAT ALL COUNTRIES DISARM DOWN TO "STRICTLY LIMITED CONTINGENTS OF POLICEOR MILITIA" TO MAINTAIN INTERNAL ORDER. THE SOVIET UNION SAID "CONTRADICTIONS AMONG STATES" COULD BE SOLVED BY NEGOTIATION AND OTHER PEACEFUL MEANS. BUT LODGE ARGUED THAT THERE STILL WOULD HAVE TO BE "INSTITUTIONS TO PRESERVE INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY AND PROMOTE THE RULE OF LAW."

AMERICAN POSITION: THE WORLD KNOWS IN GENERAL WHAT THE BRITISH, FRENCH AND RUSSIANS PROPOSE. THE AMERICANS HAVE NOT SAID WHAT THEY WANT. A SPECIAL TASK FORCE IN WASHINGTON HAS ORDERS TO WORK UP A U.S. DISARMAMENT PLAN BY JAN. 1. IT IS EXPECTED TO RUN OVER ITS DEADLINE. IF IT RUNS VERY FAR OVER, THAT MAY SLOW DOWN THE WESTERN DISARMAMENT TALKS--AND ADD STILL ANOTHER COMPLICATION.

END ADVANCE FOR TUESDAY PMS--MOVED DEC. 28

PL&HW806AES

1959

A65

SEOUL, DEC. 29 (AP)-THE U.S. ARMY HAS CANCELLED ITS ORIGINAL ISSUE OF 1960 POST EXCHANGE RATION BOOKS FOR MILITARY PERSONNEL AND DEPENDENTS IN KOREA BECAUSE SAFECRACKERS STOLE 2,050 OF THEM.

AN ARMY ANNOUNCEMENT SAID THE BOOKS WERE STOLEN TWO WEEKENDS AGO BY THIEVES WHO FORCED THEIR WAY THROUGH A BARRED WINDOW IN THE SEOUL BUILDING OF THE ADJUTANT GENERAL'S PUBLICATIONS OFFICE, THEN BURNED THEIR WAY INTO THE SAFE. THE SAFECRACKERS HAVEN'T BEEN CAUGHT.

NEW RATION BOOKS ARE DUE IN A FEW DAYS.

JG644AES

1959

A13

RABAT, MOROCCO, DEC.29 (AP)-MOROCCAN POLICE ARE HOLDING THE SON OF A MOROCCAN POLITICAL CHIEF FOR INVESTIGATION IN THE DEATH OF AIRMAN 3.C. PAUL ALVIN WOODS, 19, OF CABOOL, MO.

WOODS, SON OF MR. AND MRS. EARL WOODS, WAS STRUCK WITH AN AX FROM BEHIND AND SHOT THROUGH THE HEAD WITH HIS OWN CARBINE ON CHRISTMAS MORNING. HE WAS ON GUARD DUTY AT A LONELY TELECOMMUNICATIONS POST 11 MILES EAST OF THE U.S. AIR BASE AT SIDI SLIMANE.

POLICE ARRESTED OULD SAOUD, A PERSONAL ACQUAINTANCE OF THE DEAD MAN, WHEN HE STARTED FIRING A CARBINE HAPHAZARDLY IN THE VILLAGE SQUARE AND CLUBBED A POLICEMAN WITH THE WEAPON. THE CARBINE WAS REPORTED TO HAVE BEEN THE DEAD MAN'S. SAOUD ALSO WAS REPORTED TO HAVE BEEN WEARING WOODS' BOOTS.

LS1003AES

1959

A23 (DT F)

MOSCOW, DEC. 29 (AP)-HENRY CABOT LODGE, HEAD OF THE U.S. DELEGATION TO THE UNITED NATIONS, WILL BE THE NEXT IMPORTANT VISITOR TO THE SOVIET UNION FROM THE UNITED STATES, AMERICAN SOURCES SAID TODAY.

THE INFORMANTS SAID LODGE IS COMING EARLY IN 1960 WITH A PARTY OF ABOUT 12, BUT THAT EXACT PLANS AND DATE HAVE NOT BEEN SETTLED. THEY SAID THE TRIP WOULD PRECEDE THAT OF PRESIDENT EISENHOWER.

RJ342PES

1959

B40 Q

WX BA

WITH MOSCOW LODGE A23

UNITED NATIONS, DEC. 29 (AP)-A SPOKESMAN FOR THE SOVIET DELEGATION SAID TONIGHT U.S. AMBASSADOR HENRY CABOT LODGE "WILL BE MOST WELCOME IN MOSCOW."

HE SAID SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV EXTENDED AN INVITATION TO LODGE TO VISIT MOSCOW ON KHRUSHCHEV'S TOUR OF THE UNITED STATES. LODGE WAS NAMED BY PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TO ACCOMPANY KHRUSHCHEV ON THE TOUR.

LODGE IS LEAVING WASHINGTON TONIGHT AS HEAD OF THE U.S. DELEGATION TO CEREMONIES JAN. 1 IN YAOUNDE MARKING THE INDEPENDENCE OF THE FRENCH CAMEROONS. THE DELEGATION WILL GO TO MONROVIA, LIBERIA, TO ATTEND THE RE-INAUGURAL OF PRESIDENT WILLIAM V.S. TUBMAN ON JAN. 4.

HL608PES

1959

End December 29, 1959